

EEOC's docket of sexual harassment cases demonstrates our ability to pursue relief for multiple victims of a hostile work environment, obtaining large monetary recoveries as well as broad-based equitable relief calculated to prevent future harassment. EEOC v. Fred Fuller Oil Co. (D.N.H. July 5, 2005) (New Hampshire convenience store to pay \$780,000 to five women harassed by owner and will contract with consultant to develop EEO and harassment policies and complaint procedures and provide training to all supervisors and managers); EEOC v. Hannah Motors Co. (W.D. Wash. Mar. 30, 2005) (Washington State car dealership to pay \$575,000 to two women harassed by its General Sales Manager); EEOC v. U.S. Contractors, Ltd. (S.D. Tex. Dec. 27, 2004) (Texas chemical manufacturer to pay \$530,000 to six women harassed while working on construction project and is enjoined from sex discrimination and retaliation); EEOC v. Ryder Integrated Logistics (D. Del. Nov. 4, 2004) (Delaware warehousing and distribution facility of nationwide truck rental company to pay \$510,000 to six women harassed by supervisor and is subject to extensive affirmative relief if facility reopens); EEOC v. Eldorado Stone Operations, LLC (W.D. Wash. Dec. 2, 2004) (Washington State stone veneer manufacturer to pay total of \$475,000 to two women harassed by their supervisor and four other employees (two men and two women) fired for supporting them; company is enjoined from future discrimination and must adopt new procedures for complaints of sex discrimination and retaliation).